# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : WHITE PRIMER Product code : DF2011-9001

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Paint or paint related material.

: Industrial use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data

sheet

Sherwin-Williams Sweden AB Box 2016, SE-195 02 Märsta, SWEDEN

Tel: +46 (0)381 261 00 Fax: +46 (0)381 261 99

info.sweden@sherwin.com

Sherwin-Williams UK Coatings Ltd A1 Business Park - Knottingley

West Yorkshire WF11 0BU England

National contact

Phone: +44 (0) 1977 67 33 63

ukinfo@sherwin.com

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: sweden.regulatory@sherwin.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number : 111 (general public) /0344 892 111 (Medical professional (NHS) only)

Supplier

Telephone number : +46 (0)381 261 00

: Weekdays, 08:00-16:30 CET Hours of operation

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Dam. 1, H318 **STOT SE 3, H336** 

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr, 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar, 2021 Version: 11.07 1/17

WHITE PRIMER
DF2011-9001

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard statements**: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.

**Response**: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazardous ingredients : n-Butyl Acetate

1-Butanol

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains formaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE

ONLY

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

#### **Special packaging requirements**

Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Risk of spontaneous combustion. Spraydust, cloth and other contaminated organic material should be wetted and placed in a sealed metal container. Store in a fire-

proof place.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
n-Butyl Acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
Isobutylated Urea- Formaldehyde Polymer	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
1-Butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-	REACH #:	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr., 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar., 2021 Version : 11.07 2/17

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

1-methylethyl acetate	01-2119475791-29		STOT SE 3, H336	
i mounylounyl doorate	EC: 203-603-9		0.0.00	
	CAS: 108-65-6			
	Index: 607-195-00-7			
Butylated Urea-	CAS: 68002-19-7	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
Formaldehyde Polymer				
Butylated Melamine-	CAS: 68002-25-5	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
Formaldehyde Polymer				
Formaldehyde (max.)	REACH #:	<0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	01-2119488953-20		Acute Tox. 3, H301	
	EC: 200-001-8		Acute Tox. 3, H311	
	CAS: 50-00-0		Acute Tox. 2, H330	
	Index: 605-001-00-5		Skin Corr. 1B, H314	
			Eye Dam. 1, H318	
			Skin Sens. 1, H317	
			Muta. 2, H341	
			Carc. 1B, H350	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

# **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

*Inhalation*: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11, Apr, 2021Date of previous issue: 27, Mar, 2021Version: 11.073/17

WHITE PRIMER DF2011-9001

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

For emergency responders :

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr, 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar, 2021 Version: 11.07 4/17

WHITE PRIMER

DF2011-9001

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

: Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapors in all cases. In such circumstances, they should wear a compressed-air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until the particulate and solvent vapor concentrations have fallen below the exposure limits.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr., 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar., 2021 Version : 11.07 5/17

WHITE PRIMER

DF2011-9001

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

#### Product/ingredient name

#### **Exposure limit values**

2.11		
n-Butyl Acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).	
	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.	
Ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 1920 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
1-Butanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed	
	through skin.	
	STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed	
	through skin.	
	STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.	
Formaldehyde (max.)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).	
	STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	

# Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- : Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr., 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar., 2021 Version : 11.07 6/17

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl Acetate	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	060 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	VVOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	100g		
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DATE	Inhalation	0507		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
		IIIIaialioii	'''	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Local
	D14LL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
				[Consumers]	
Ethanol	DNEL	Short term	1900 mg/	Workers	Local
	ראובי	Inhalation	m³	Monkers	Cyroto :-
	DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term	343 mg/kg 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	aso mg/m²	VVOINCIS	Systellic
	DNEL	Short term	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
				[Human via the	
	DATE	Name to make Dames at	000 (1	environment]	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	206 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
				[Human via the	
				environment]	
	DNEL	Long term	114 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Human via the	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	87 mg/kg	environment] General	Systemic
			J. mg/Ng	population	3,0.01110
				[Human via the	
				environment]	
1-Butanol	DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	55 mg/m³	General	Local
	PINEL	Inhalation	Joo mg/m	population	Local
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3125 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
2 mathavy 1 mathylathyl acatata	DNE	l ong torm	22 ma/m3	[Consumers] General	Local
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	population	LUCAI
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	ראיבי	Lang tama Dama -	220 ma au/la a	[Consumers]	Cuatamaia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
		1			

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr. 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar. 2021 Version : 11.07 7/17

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

С	•	550 mg/m³	[Consumers] Workers	Local
	•	796 mg/kg bw/dav	Workers	Systemic
		·	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-Butyl Acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
Ethanol	Marine water	0.79 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	2.9 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.63 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water	0.96 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	580 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Secondary Poisoning	720 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0082 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2476 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0178 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/kg	-
	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
- : Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

# **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Hand protection

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Gloves

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11, Apr, 2021Date of previous issue: 27, Mar, 2021Version: 11.078/17

DF2011-9001

DF2011-9001

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min.): Nitrile>0.12 mm

Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals.

Gloves for repeated or prolonged exposure (breakthrough time > 240 min.)

When the hazardous ingredients in Section 3 contain any of the following: Aromatic solvents (Xylene, Toluene) or Aliphatic solvents or Mineral Oil use: Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves 0.2-0.3 mm

Otherwise use: Butyl gloves >0.3 mm

For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min.): Use PE laminated gloves as under gloves

Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: Solvent resin manufacturers and European Solvents Industry Group (ESIG)

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

## **Body protection**

- : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

# Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: A2P2 (EN14387). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

WHITE PRIMER DF2011-9001

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. Color : White. Odor : Solvent.

Odor threshold : Not Available (Not Tested).

рΗ : Not applicable.

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Closed cup: 12°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] Flash point

Evaporation rate : 1.6 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Upper/lower flammability or

Auto-ignition temperature

**Decomposition temperature** 

explosive limits

: LEL: 1.3% (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)

UEL: 19% (Ethanol)

Vapor pressure : 5.9 kPa [at 20°C] Vapor density : 1.5 [Air = 1]

: 1.22 Relative density

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

water

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

Explosive properties : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Oxidizing properties : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: 10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. decomposition products

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr, 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar, 2021 Version: 11.07 10/17

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
_	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Isobutylated Urea-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Formaldehyde Polymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	24602.76 mg/kg

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Isobutylated Urea-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
Formaldehyde Polymer				uL	
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr, 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar, 2021 Version : 11.07 11/17

WHITE PRIMER

DF2011-9001

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

				mg	
Formaldehyde (max.)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	6 minutes 1	-
				ppm	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
				ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	750 ug	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 150	-
				ug I	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	540 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Sensitization** 

No data available

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

No data available

## Carcinogenicity

No data available

# **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

# **Teratogenicity**

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate 1-Butanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
No data available			

# **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
No data available	

**Other information**: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11, Apr, 2021Date of previous issue: 27, Mar, 2021Version: 11.0712/17

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Formaldehyde (max.)	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.442 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3.26 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Embryo	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/l Marine	Algae - Isochrysis galbana -	96 hours
	water	Exponential growth phase	
	Chronic NOEC 3000 ppm Fresh water	Crustaceans - Astacus astacus - Egg	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.56 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Fingerling	12 weeks

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
No data available				

## **Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
No data available			

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11, Apr, 2021Date of previous issue: 27, Mar, 2021Version: 11.0713/17

WHITE PRIMER DF2011-9001

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

*Mobility* : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

08 01 11\*

Disposal considerations

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**Packaging** 

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

...

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01

10°

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr., 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar., 2021 Version : 11.07 14/17

DF2011-9001

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code D/E	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E	-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC content (2010/75/EU) : 42.3 w/w

515 **g/l** 

#### Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr, 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar, 2021 **Version** : 11.07 15/17

WHITE PRIMER
DF2011-9001

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **National regulations**

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

N/A = Not available

Key literature references and sources for data

: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by

Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions

**CEPE Guidelines** 

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method
statements       H226         H301       H302         H311       H314         H315       H315         H317       H318         H319       H330         H335       H336         H341       H350         H413       H413	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11, Apr., 2021 Date of previous issue : 27, Mar., 2021 Version : 11.07 16/17

WHITE PRIMER

DF2011-9001

## SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 2 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2** Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3** Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 4

Carc. 1B **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B** 

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eve Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Lig. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

Flam. Lig. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2** Muta. 2

Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

STOT SE 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) - Category 3

Date of printing : 11, Apr, 2021.

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 11, Apr, 2021

Date of previous issue : 27, Mar, 2021

: If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more

information.

Version : 11.07

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue **Version** : 11.07 : 11, Apr, 2021 : 27, Mar, 2021 17/17