SECTION 09 67 23

RESINOUS FLOORING

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS HIGH PERFORMANCE FLOORING, RESUFLOR TOPCOAT SDU EV (ESD)

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* Tennant Coatings Inc.; resinous flooring, resinous wall coatings.
This section is based on the products of Tennant Coatings Inc., which is located at:
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Web:<http://www.tennantcoatings.com>

[[Click Here](http://www.arcat.com/arcatcos/cos35/arc35973.html)] for additional information.

Founded as a one man business by George H. Tennant in 1870, Tennant has evolved from a wood flooring and wood products company into a manufacturer of cleaning equipment and resinous/epoxy floor coatings. Learn more about Tennant's History. Today, Tennant Company is recognized as an industry leader in the design and manufacturing of cleaning equipment and coatings that focus on creating a cleaner, safer, healthier world.

Tennant's business includes equipment and coatings used to clean and maintain indoor and outdoor surfaces. Employees of Tennant Company have a spirit and passion for Stewardship. Our daily work is committed to our customers, to each other, our investors, and our communities. In our commitment to leave things in better condition than when we found them, Stewardship defines our actions and decisions. As a result, Tennant has advanced it's industries by creating a culture that celebrates innovation and the aggressive pursuit of new technology. Today Tennant is recognized globally as a leader in the design and manufacturing of equipment and coatings that create a cleaner, safer, healthier world.

1. GENERAL
	1. SECTION INCLUDES
		1. Resinous Systems of the Following Types:
			1. Sherwin-Williams HPF, Resuflor Topcoat SDU EV.
	2. RELATED SECTIONS

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* Delete any sections below not relevant to this project; add others as required.

* + 1. Section 03 30 00 - Cast-in-Place Concrete.
	1. REFERENCES

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* Delete references from the list below that are not actually required by the text of the edited section.

* + 1. ASTM International (ASTM):
			1. ASTM C 29 / C 29M - Standard Test Method for Bulk Density ("Unit Weight") and Voids in Aggregate.
			2. ASTM C 109 - Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens).
			3. ASTM C 128 - Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity), and Absorption of Fine Aggregate.
			4. ASTM C 307 - Standard Test Method for Tensile Strength of Chemical-Resistant Mortar, Grouts, and Monolithic Surfacings.
			5. ASTM C 348 - Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength of Hydraulic-Cement Mortars.
			6. ASTM C 413 - Standard Test Method for Absorption of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
			7. ASTM C 566 - Standard Test Method for Total Evaporable Moisture Content of Aggregate by Drying.
			8. ASTM C 570 - Standard Specification for Oil- and Resin-Base Caulking Compound for Building Construction.
			9. ASTM C 579 - Standard Test Methods for Compressive Strength of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
			10. ASTM C 580 - Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength and Modulus of Elasticity of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
			11. ASTM D 256 - Standard Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics.
			12. ASTM D 257 - Standard Test Methods for DC Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Materials.
			13. ASTM D 412 - Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers - Tension.
			14. ASTM D 471 - Standard Test Method for Rubber Property - Effect of Liquids.
			15. ASTM D 522 - Standard Test Methods for Mandrel Bend Test of Attached Organic Coatings.
			16. ASTM D 570 - Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics.
			17. ASTM D 624 - Standard Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers.
			18. ASTM D 628 - Standard Specification for Asbestos Tubular Sleeving.
			19. ASTM D 635 - Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position.
			20. ASTM D 638 - Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics.
			21. ASTM D 648 - Standard Test Method for Deflection Temperature of Plastics Under Flexural Load in the Edgewise Position.
			22. ASTM D 695 - Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics.
			23. ASTM D 696 - Standard Test Method for Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion of Plastics Between minus 22 to 86 degrees F (minus 30 and 30 degrees C) with a Vitreous Silica Dilatometer.
			24. ASTM D 790 - Standard Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials.
			25. ASTM D 1308 - Standard Test Method for Effect of Household Chemicals on Clear and Pigmented Organic Finishes.
			26. ASTM D 1475 - Standard Test Method For Density of Liquid Coatings, Inks, and Related Products.
			27. ASTM D 2047 - Standard Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction of Polish-Coated Flooring Surfaces as Measured by the James Machine.
			28. ASTM D 2134 - Standard Test Method for Determining the Hardness of Organic Coatings with a Sward-Type Hardness Rocker.
			29. ASTM D 2196 - Standard Test Methods for Rheological Properties of Non-Newtonian Materials by Rotational Viscometer.
			30. ASTM D 2240 - Standard Test Method for Rubber Property-Durometer Hardness.
			31. ASTM D 2244 - Standard Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates.
			32. ASTM D 2369 - Standard Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings.
			33. ASTM D 2370 - Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Organic Coatings.
			34. ASTM D 2393 - Test Method for Viscosity of Epoxy Resins and Related Components.
			35. ASTM D 2697 - Standard Test Method for Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings.
			36. ASTM D 3278 - Standard Test Methods for Flash Point of Liquids by Small Scale Closed-Cup Apparatus.
			37. ASTM D 3960 - Standard Practice for Determining Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content of Paints and Related Coatings.
			38. ASTM D 4060 - Standard Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser.
			39. ASTM D 4226 - Standard Test Methods for Impact Resistance of Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Building Products.
			40. ASTM D 4366 - Standard Test Methods for Hardness of Organic Coatings by Pendulum Damping Tests
			41. ASTM D 4541 - Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Strength of Coatings Using Portable Adhesion Testers.
			42. ASTM D5441 - Standard Test Method for Analysis of Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) by Gas Chromatography.
			43. ASTM D 7234 - Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Adhesion Strength of Coatings on Concrete Using Portable Pull-Off Adhesion Testers.
			44. ASTM F 1869 - Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride.
			45. ASTM F 2170 - Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes
			46. ASTM G 21 - Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi.
			47. ASTM G 154 - Standard Practice for Operating Fluorescent Ultraviolet (UV) Lamp Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials.
			48. ASTM G 155 - Standard Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Non-Metallic Materials.
		2. Deutsches Institut fur Normung (DIN):
			1. DIN 53460 - Testing of Plastics; Determination of the Vicat Softening Temperature of Thermoplastics.
		3. International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI):
			1. ICRI 310.2R - Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer Overlays, and Concrete Repair.
		4. Military Specifications (MIL):
			1. MIL-D-3134J - Deck Covering Materials.
		5. National Floor Safety Institute (NFSI):
			1. ANSI/NFSI B101.1 - Test Method for Measuring Wet SCOF of Common Hard-Surface Floor Materials.
	1. SUBMITTALS
		1. Submit under provisions of Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements.
		2. Product Data:
			1. Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including properties, VOC content, wet static coefficient of friction, compressive strength, tensile strength, elongation and similar properties.
			2. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
			3. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
			4. Typical installation methods.

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* Delete if not applicable to product type.

* + 1. Verification Samples: Two representative units of each system, including color and texture.
		2. Shop Drawings: Include details of materials, construction and finish. Include relationship with adjacent construction.
		3. Manufacturer's Certification: Submit manufacturer's certification that materials comply with specified requirements and are suitable for intended application.
		4. Manufacturer's Project References: Submit manufacturer's list of successfully completed resinous flooring system projects, including project name and location, name of architect, and type and quantity of flooring systems furnished.
		5. Applicator's Project References: Submit applicator's list of successfully completed resinous flooring system projects, including project name and location, name of architect, and type and quantity of flooring systems applied.
		6. Care and Maintenance Instructions: Submit manufacturer's care and maintenance instructions, including cleaning instructions.
	1. QUALITY ASSURANCE
		1. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with a minimum five years documented experience.
		2. Applicator's Qualifications:
			1. Applicator regularly engaged, for a minimum of 5 years, in application of resinous flooring systems of similar type to that specified.
			2. Employ persons trained for application of resinous flooring systems.
		3. Source Limitations: Provide each type of product from a single manufacturing source to ensure uniformity.

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* Include mock-up if the project size or quality warrant the expense. The following is one example of how a mock-up on might be specified. When deciding on the extent of the mock-up, consider all the major different types of work on the project.

* + 1. Mock-Up: Construct a mock-up with actual materials in sufficient time for Architect's review and to not delay construction progress. Locate mock-up as acceptable to Architect and provide temporary foundations and support.
			1. Intent of mock-up is to demonstrate quality of workmanship and visual appearance.
			2. If mock-up is not acceptable, rebuild mock-up until satisfactory results are achieved.
			3. Retain mock-up during construction as a standard for comparison with completed work.
			4. Do not alter or remove mock-up until work is completed or removal is authorized.
	1. PRE-INSTALLATION CONFERENCE
		1. Convene a conference approximately two weeks before scheduled commencement of the Work. Attendees shall include Architect, Contractor and trades involved. Agenda shall include schedule, responsibilities, critical path items and approvals.
	2. DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
		1. Delivery Requirements: Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name, manufacturer, and batch number.
		2. Storage and Handling Requirements:
			1. Store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
			2. Keep materials in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging until application.
			3. Store materials in clean, dry area indoors between 65 and 80 degrees F (18 and 27 degrees C).
			4. Store materials out of direct sunlight.
			5. Keep materials from freezing.
			6. Protect materials during storage, handling, and application to prevent contamination or damage.
	3. PROJECT CONDITIONS
		1. Apply flooring system under the following ambient conditions:
			1. Ambient and Concrete Floor Temperatures: Between 65 and 85 degrees F (18 and 29 degrees C).
			2. Material Temperature: Between 65 and 85 degrees F (18 and 29 degrees C).
			3. Relative Humidity: Maximum 80 percent.
			4. Dew Point: Floor temperature more than 5 degrees over dew point.
		2. Do not apply flooring system under ambient conditions outside manufacturer's limits.
	4. WARRANTY
		1. Submit manufacturer's standard warranty.
1. PRODUCTS
	1. MANUFACTURERS
		1. Acceptable Manufacturer: The Sherwin-Williams High Performance Flooring, 866-540-1299 swflooring@sherwin.com Website: <https://industrial.sherwin-williams.com/na/us/en/resin-flooring.html>
		2. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01 60 00 - Product Requirements a minimum of 10 days prior to bid date.
	2. SHERWIN-WILLIAMS HPF, RESUFLOR TOPCOAT SDU EV
		1. Basis-of-Design System: Resuflor SDU EV (ESD Epoxy-Based System w. Urethane Topcoat)
			1. Resuflor Topcoat SDU EV.
				1. 1st Coat: Primer Coat, Resuprime MVB applied at 72 sq. ft. / gal yielding 22 mils.
				2. 2nd Coat: Build Coat, Resuflor MPE applied at 321 sq. ft. per gallon yielding 5 mils.
				3. 3rd Coat: Build Coat, Resuflor MPE applied at 114 sq. ft. per gallon yielding 15 mils.
				4. 4th Coat: Topcoat, Resutile SDS applied at 600 sq. ft. per gallon yielding 3 mils.
				5. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
	3. SYSTEM PROPERTIES
		1. Resuflor Topcoat SDU
			1. Body Voltage Generation, ANSI/ESD STM 97.2, 12 volts with ESD shoes, Method 2 ANSI/ESD S20.20, 32 volts with heel straps
			2. Body Voltage Decay (with ESD shoes or heel strapsAATCC 134-1979 (modified), 1,000 volts to < 10 volts in <1.0 seconds
			3. Resitance to Ground in Combination with Person, ANSI/ESD STM 97.1(ANSI/ESD S20.20-Methood 1), <3.5 x 107ohms (ESD shoes or heel straps)
			4. Surface Resistance Point to Point/ Point to Ground ESD Assoc. ANSI/ESD 7.1-2005, 1x105ohms to <1x109ohms
			5. Abrasion Resitance Taber Abraser CS-17 Taber Wheel, 1,00 gram load, 1,000 revolutions, ASTM D4060, 38 mg/loss
			6. Adhesion to Concrete, psi[MPa], ASTM D4541, 450 [3.10] (concrete failed)
			7. Adhesion to Concrete, psi [MPa], ASTM D7234, 732 [4.48] (concrete failed)
			8. Coefficient of Friction-James Friction Tester, ASTM D2047, 0.50
			9. Coefficient of Friction-Wet Static, BOT 3000, ANSI/NFSI B101.1, 0.95
			10. Compressive Strength, psi [MPa] (epoxy), ASTM D695, 13,500[93.1]
			11. Flammability/Rate of Burn (topcoat resin), ASTM D635, 182 mm/min
			12. König Hardness (3 mil/0.08 mm film) (topcoat resin only), ASTM D4366, 171.3
			13. Resistance to Yellowing AS measured unsing ASTM D2244 after 1000 consecutive hours UV exposure in QUV, ASTM G154, <10 increase to yellow units (CIE Δb)
			14. Shore D Hardness, ASTM 2240, 80-85 @ 0 sec |75-80 @ 15 sec
			15. Tensile Strenght, psi [MPa], ASTM 2370, 6,250 [43.1]
			16. Percent Elongation, ASTM D2370,6%
			17. Volatile Organic Compounds, VOC, lb/gal [g/l], ASTM D3960, Resuflor MPE A+B= 0.41 [49] Resutile SDU A+B=0.11 [<13]
			18. Water Absorption (24-hour immersdion), ASTM C413, 0.2% weight increase
			19. NMp Resistance tested to ASTM D1308 for 7+ days under glass
	4. PRODUCT PROPERTIES
		1. Resuflor MPE: A neutral, two-component, high solids epoxy.
			1. Percent Solids, by weight (by volume), ASTM D1475, A + B: 95.45 (94.56).
			2. Volatile Organic Compound-VOC, ASTM D3960, Mixed A + B: 0.41 lb./gal (49 g/L).
			3. Abrasion Resistance, mg loss, Taber Abraser, C-17 Taber Abrasion Wheel, 1,000 gram load, 1,000 revolutions, ASTM D4060: 83.1.
			4. Coefficient of Friction-COF, James Friction Tester, ASTM D2047: 0.59-0.62.
			5. Adhesion to Concrete, ASTM D5441: 732 psi (4.48 MPa) concrete failed.
			6. Adhesion to Concrete, ASTM D7234: 450 psi (3.10 MPa) concrete failed.
			7. Compressive Strength, ASTM D695: 13,500 psi (93.079 MPa).
			8. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370: 8,000 psi (55.158 MPa).
			9. Percent Elongation, ASTM D2370: 5.
			10. Shore D Hardness, ASTM D2240: 80-85 at 0 sec, 75-80 at 15 sec.
		2. Resutile SDU-Satin: Is a high solids and light stable urethane which has a satin appearance for long lasting durability. Applied over Resutile MPE primer or may be used to recoat an existing epoxy or urethane floor coating
			1. Surface Resistance, Point to Point / Point to Ground, ESD Assoc. ANSI/ESD 7.1-2005, 1x105 ohms to less than 1x109
			2. Resistance to Ground in Combination with a Person, ANSI/ESD STM 97.1 (ANSI/ESD S20.20-Mthod 1), less than 3.5x107 ohms (ESD shoes or heel straps)
			3. Body Voltage Generation, ANSI/ESD STM 97.2 (ASNI/ESD S20.20-Method 2), 12 volts with ESD shoes, 32 volts with heel straps
			4. Body Voltage Decay (with ESD shoes of heel straps), AATCC 134-1979 (modified), 1,000 volts to less than 10 volts in less than 1.0 second
			5. Volatile Organic Compound-VOC, ASTM D3960, 0.11 lb./g (less than 13 g/L)
			6. Abrasion Resistance, Taber Abraser, CS-17 Taber Abrasion Wheel, 1,000 gram load, 1,000 revolutions, ASTM D4060, 38
			7. Adhesion to Concrete, ASTM D44541, 450 psi (3.10 MPa)
			8. Adhesion to Concrete, ASTM D7234, 732 psi (4.48 MPa)
			9. Coefficient of Friction, James Friction Tester, ASTM D2047, 0.50
			10. Wet Static Coefficient of Friction-BOT 3000, ANSI/NSFI V101.1, 0.95
			11. Compressive Strength (epoxy), ASTM D695, 13,500 psi (93.1 MPa)
			12. Flammability/Rate of Burn (topcoat resin), ASTM D635, 50 mm/min
			13. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370, 6,250 psi (43.1 MPa)
			14. Percent Elongation, ASTM D2370, 6
			15. Resistance to Yellowing, AS measured using ASTM D2244 after 1000 consecutive hours UV exposure in QUV, ASTM G154, less than 10 increase to yellow units (CIE Lab Delta b)
			16. Kong Hardness (3mil/0.08 mm film) (topcoat resin), ASTM D4366, 171.3
			17. Shore D Hardness (epoxy), ASTM D2240, 80-85 at 0 Sec, 75-80 at 15 sec
			18. Water Absorption (24-hour immersion), ASTM D570, 0.2 percent weight increase
2. EXECUTION
	1. EXAMINATION
		1. Examine concrete surfaces to receive flooring system. Verify concrete is structurally sound.
		2. Moisture Testing of Concrete: Perform at least one of the following two tests to determine moisture in concrete. Type of test and frequency as recommended by manufacturer and installer.
			1. In-situ Probe Test:
				1. Measure relative humidity in concrete in accordance with ASTM F 2170.
				2. Application of flooring system shall start only if test results are below 100 percent relative concrete humidity.
				3. If test results are above limits, notify Architect and flooring manufacturer in writing.
		3. Do not begin preparation or installation until satisfactory moisture test results are achieved. Provide flooring manufacturer's recommended moisture vapor control coating if required.
	2. PREPARATION
		1. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
		2. Protection of In-Place Conditions: Protect adjacent surfaces and adjoining walls from contact with flooring system materials.
		3. Surface Preparation:
			1. Prepare concrete surface in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
			2. Remove dirt, dust, debris, oil, grease, curing agents, bond breakers, paint, coatings, sealers, silicones, and other surface contaminants which could adversely affect application of flooring system.
			3. Steel shot blast concrete to a minimum surface profile of ICRI 310.2R, CSP 5.
			4. Key-cut termination points with 1/4-inch (6-mm) by 1/4-inch (6-mm) cut.
			5. Patch depressions, divots, and cracks in concrete in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
			6. Mechanically remove loose, delaminated, and damaged concrete and repair in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
			7. Joints: Fill joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
	3. INSTALLATION
		1. Install flooring system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and approved submittals at locations indicated on the Drawings.
		2. Ensure concrete is dry, clean, and prepared in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
		3. Allow concrete to cure a minimum of 7 days before applying flooring system.
		4. Mixing:
			1. Mix material components together in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
			2. Mix only enough material that can be applied within working time.
			3. Add and mix colorants with materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to achieve uniform color.
		5. Apply flooring system materials to obtain consistent mil thickness and smooth, uniform appearance and texture.
		6. Overlay: Apply overlay in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Apply overlay to prepared concrete surface.
		7. Traction Aggregate: Broadcast traction aggregate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Broadcast traction aggregate into wet overlay.

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* A cove applied to base of wall and equipment pads is optional. Delete the cove if not required.

* + 1. Cove:
			1. Apply cove primer and cove in accordance with manufacturer's instructions at locations indicated on the Drawings.
			2. Apply cove to height and shape as indicated on the Drawings.
			3. Apply cove to create seamless, smooth transition between flooring and walls.
		2. Seal Coat:
			1. Apply seal coat in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
			2. Apply seal coat over traction aggregate.
	1. FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
		1. Field Inspection: Coordinate field inspection in accordance with appropriate sections in Division 01.

\*\* NOTE TO SPECIFIER \*\* Include if manufacturer provides field quality control with onsite personnel for instruction or supervision of product installation, application, erection or construction. Delete if not required.

* + 1. Manufacturer's Services: Coordinate manufacturer's services in accordance with appropriate sections in Division 01.
	1. CLEANING AND PROTECTION
		1. Allow flooring system to dry in accordance with manufacturer's instructions before opening to traffic.
		2. Allow flooring system to dry a minimum of 1 week before cleaning by mechanical means.
		3. Protect completed flooring system from damage during construction.

END OF SECTION